

Surface Albedo Prediction using Artificial Neural Networks

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- Obtain weather data from NSRDB dataset.
- Pre-process data (standardization, one-hot encoding, train/test split).
- Determine how many layers, nodes, and iterations are optimal for neural network.
- Train MLPRegressor to perform surface albedo prediction.
- Use RMSE as a metric to calculate the distance between ground truth and predicted surface albedo.
- Evaluate RMSE with varying learning rates, activation functions, solvers, and batch sizes.
- Use feature removal to rank which features correlate most strongly to surface albedo.





Sensor Signal and Information Processing Center: http://sensip.asu.edu/nsf-ires-project

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