

RET PROJECT: "MACHINE LEARNING ENABLED SMART NETS"

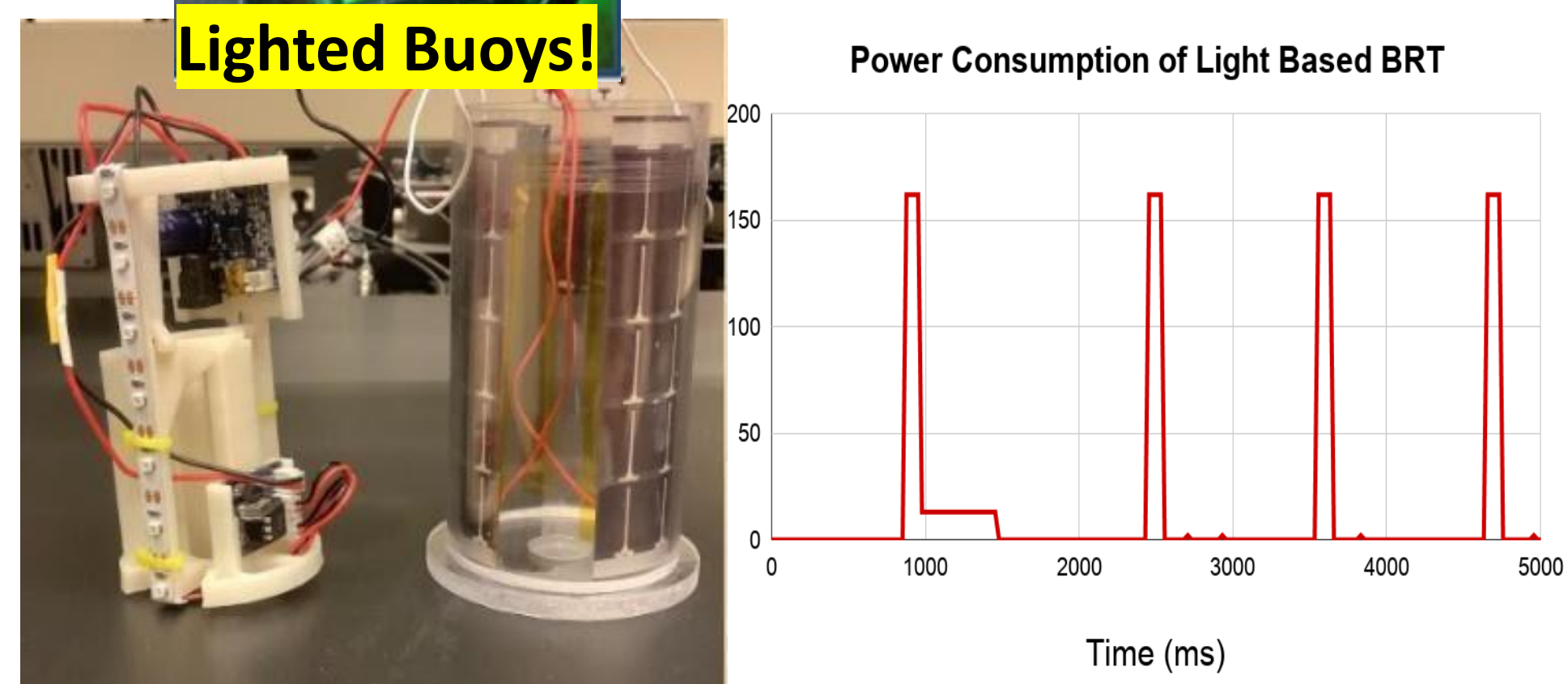
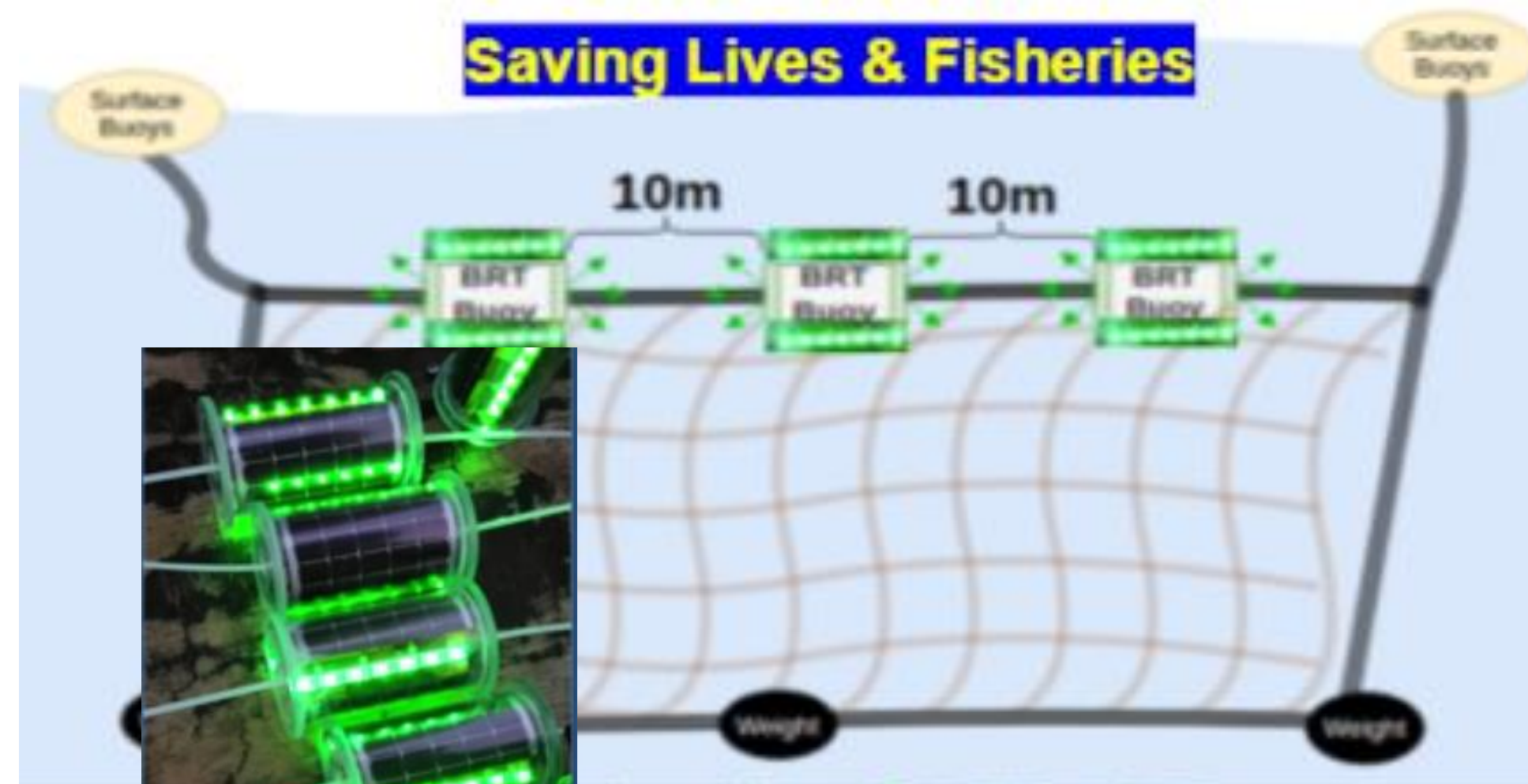
RESEARCH BACKGROUND/DESCRIPTION

- Oceans cover 71% of our planet and hold 97% of all our water
- healthy Marine ecosystem = healthy Planet.
- Bycatch hurts marine life + fisheries
- ASU has developed Bycatch Reduction Tech**



RESEARCH RESULTS/REMARKS

- Lighted Bycatch Reduction Technology (LBRT) integrated into Smart Nets
- Field tested and realized 65-70% bycatch reduction
- Plans to further reduce bycatch by including a Machine Learning detection system**

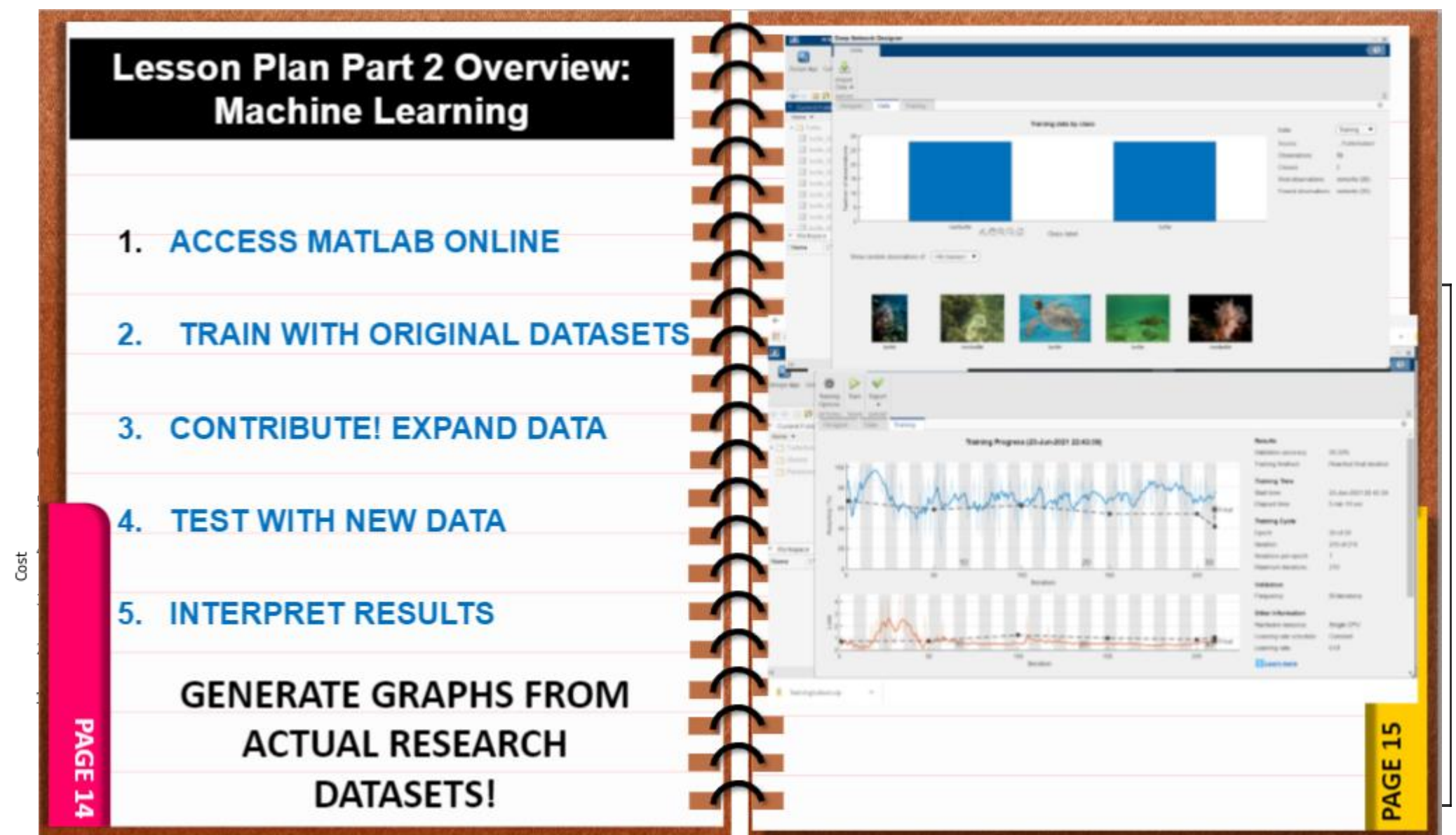


REFERENCES

[1] J. Senko, E. R. White, S. S. Heppell, and L. R. Gerber, "Comparing bycatch mitigation strategies for vulnerable marine megafauna," *Animal Conservation*, vol. 17, no. 1, pp. 5-18, Feb. 2014.
 [2] H. S. Demir, J. B. Christen and S. Ozev, "Energy-Efficient Image Recognition System for Marine Life," in *IEEE Transactions on Computer-Aided Design of Integrated Circuits and Systems*, vol. 39, no. 11, pp. 3458-3466, Nov. 2020.
 [3] A. Bielli et al., "An illuminating idea to reduce bycatch in the Peruvian small-scale gillnet fishery," *Biological Conservation*, vol. 241, no. 108277, pp. 1-8, 2020.

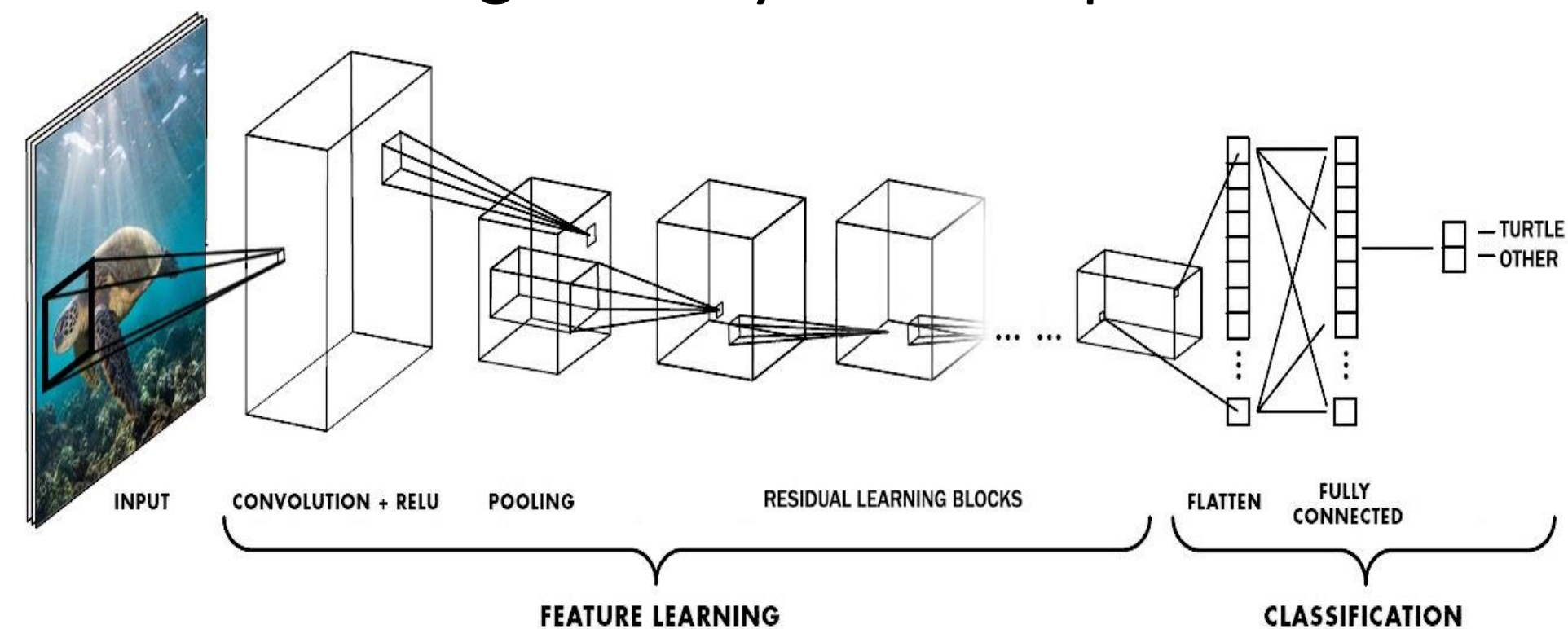
LESSON PLAN OBJECTIVES

- Satisfy key MCCCDC Course Competencies.
- Complete a Digital Dynamic Research Workbook



RESEARCH OBJECTIVES/PLAN

- Develop an Autonomous, Multimodal, Closed-Loop adaptive cyberphysical system (CPS)
- Optimize LBRTs and power efficiency
- Machine vision to produce deterrent stimuli via light and sound.
- Tunable recognition system to optimize "effort"



LESSON IMPLEMENTATION/OUTCOMES

- Successfully graph datasets
- Contribute to valuable ASU research
- Implement machine learning
- Successfully model, analyze and interpret real-world problem
- Present results to class

